

# Safeguards, Standards and Safeguard Information Systems

Session 9

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# What is a safeguard?

- Policy or process to prevent or mitigate identified risks. i.e., "do no harm" approach.
- Some safeguards aim to promote positive outcomes, i.e., "do good"
- Safeguards may be accompanied by required management plans.
- Safeguards may be set up with grievance and redress procedures



# Types of safeguards

- Safeguards: measures to protect against, or minimize, social and environmental damage or harm.
- · Different types:
  - ✓ Policies to minimize harm and/or increase benefits
  - Monitoring for compliance with safeguards and grievance procedures
  - ✓ Safeguards may focus on process or outcome
  - ✓ Safeguards may specify criteria or standards to be met, i.e. to decide whether or not to invest, and what, if any, mitigation measures, are required
  - ✓ Social and environmental safeguards may be separate, i.e., social safeguards, environmental safeguards, or integrated (social & environmental)







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# Safeguards vs. standards

- Confusion of safeguards vs. standards, often terms are used interchangeably
- Often confused with principles, criteria, cobenefits, multiple benefits
- Some "safeguards" are really more general principles or guidance than explicit policies or procedures



## What is a standard?

- A standard is a defined and measurable level of performance that must be achieved in relation to a particular criterion
- Standards may be enforced through audits
- Standards are often structured into hierarchical principles, criteria and indicators that aim to demonstrate positive performance.

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## **Voluntary SES Standards**

 Climate, Community and Biodiversity Alliance (CCBA): CCB Standards – project level



- REDD+ SES Standards: CCBA and Care International – govt.led REDD+ program level
- Certification standards for various commodities—forest certification, biofuels, palm oil, soybeans, others





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## Safeguards or Standards?

 We may need both safeguards (policies) and also (performance) standards

For example:

➤ Automobile emissions policies (laws or regulations)

Standards = specific level of emissions to be in compliance with regulations

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## **UNFCCC Cancun Safeguards**



The 7 UNFCCC REDD+ Safeguards, agreed in Cancun in 2010, are the internationally-agreed minimum requirements:

- a) actions consistent with the objectives of **national forest programs**;
- b) transparent and effective national forest governance structures;
- respect for the knowledge and rights of indigenous peoples and members of local communities;
- d) the full and effective **participation of relevant stakeholders**, in particular, indigenous peoples and local communities;
- e) actions are consistent with the **conservation of natural forests** and **biological diversity**;
- f) actions to address the risks of reversals (i.e., permanence);
- g) actions to reduce displacement of emissions (i.e., leakage).



## **UNFCCC Cancun Safeguards**

- Cancun safeguards have been categorized as:
  - · Governance Safeguards
  - · Social Safeguards
  - Environmental Safeguards
  - Carbon Safeguards

But actually these categories overlap...

- UNFCCC text also refers to the importance of gender issues, land tenure, and other social and environmental issues
- In 2011 UNFCCC agreed that the UNFCCC safeguards will apply to all types of REDD+ financing.

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### Other Safeguards: World Bank

- Project-level World Bank Operational Policies on Indigenous Peoples, Involuntary Resettlement, Forestry, etc., & corresponding management plans
- Grievance procedures: WB Inspection Panels
- WB safeguards (or their equivalents) being used by the Forest Carbon Partnership Facility (FCPF), Forest Investment Program (FIP), and Global Environment Facility (GEF)
- Assessment adapted from project-level to nationallevel programs through Strategic Environmental and Social Assessments (SESAs) and Environmental and Social Management Frameworks (ESMFs)



### Other Safeguards: UN-REDD



- Human-rights based approach (HRBA), drawing upon international conventions
- UN-REDD safeguards are known as Social and Environmental Principles and Criteria (SEPC)
- UN-REDD has developed guidance for its work, with the Benefits and Risk Tool (BeRT), guidance on stakeholders, FPIC, and governance
- SEPC and guidelines only apply to UN-REDD supported REDD Readiness phase activities

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### Multilateral REDD+ Support: Partner Countries

Country	UN-REDD	FCPF	FIP
Cambodia	✓	✓	
Indonesia	✓	✓	✓
Lao PDR	X	✓	✓
Malaysia	X		
Papua New Guinea	✓	✓	
The Philippines	✓	*	
Thailand		✓	
Viet Nam	✓	✓	
√ = support x = new	partner *=	spontaneous s	ubmission



# Other Safeguards: Other donors, national governments, NGOs

- Bilateral donors generally do not have REDD+ specific safeguards, but they may have general policies for their programming
- National-level safeguards and related policies and legislation, such as regarding stakeholder consultation, rights of various ethnic groups, indigenous peoples, and women, environmental safeguards, etc.
- Some NGOs have collaborated to develop safeguards for REDD+, such as the civil society initiative in Brazil, work of HuMa in Indonesia

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# Safeguards, Standards, & Social Issues

Safeguards or Standards System > Social Issues in REDD+ upheld or addressed		Multilaterals			Bilaterals			NGOs or Int'l. Organizations				Ot	her	Summai (numbe				
	UNFCCC	FCPF Readiness Fund	FCPF Carbon Fund	FIP	UN-REDD	GEF	Germany	Norway	Australia	CCBS	REDD+SES	Brazilian CSOs	НиМа	CBD	WWF Meta-	Primary issue	Secondary issue	
International Conventions	Х		ω	(x)	Х	(x)	No specific REDD+ safeguards or standards, but diverse set of strategies and action plans touching on many issues	i i	No specific REDD+ safeguards or standards, but ODA policies مراكبة المستميد المستم المستميد المستميد المستميد المستميد المستميد المستميد المستميد	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	8	2	
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Stakeholder Participation	Х	Х	se as	X	X	(x)	ser	but ODA econom	6		Χ	Х	Х		Х	8	1	
<ul> <li>Right to information</li> </ul>			to E				SSI	¥ 6	ă			X			Х	2		
<ul> <li>Representation</li> </ul>		X	두		X		- g - S	<u>0</u> 0	0.		(x)			Х	X	4	1	
Indigenous Peoples' Rights	(x)		ië iš	(x)	Х	(x)	but	ang ang	In f	Х	Х	Х	Х	(x)	Х	7	4	1
<ul> <li>Free Prior Informed Consent</li> </ul>		Х	호토		Χ	(x)	s, c	a a	φ, η			Х	Х	Х		5	1	
<ul> <li>Respect culture &amp; indigenous traditional knowledge</li> </ul>	Х		apply UNFCCC and FCPF Common Approach to assess safequard component of candidate countries "market		Х		pecific REDD+ safeguards or standards, but diverse strategies and action plans touching on many issues	No specific REDD+ safeguards or standards, but ODA objectives of poverty alleviation and social and economic	ndaro		(x)	Х				3	1	
Gender	(x)		ğ a	X	X		nct a	and	sta	X	(x)					2	2	а
Poor and Vulnerable Groups			8 5	X			P 5	ğ 6	5 6		Χ		Χ	Χ		4		
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Enhanced Livelihoods	(x)	(x)	5 5	X	X	(x)	in in	safeguards or alleviation and	mar	Х		Х				4	3	
Poverty alleviation			and				g. <u>e</u>	S E	₽.	Х						1		i
Climate change adaptation	(x)		e o				saf	REDD+s povertys	Sal	X	Х	Х				3	1	
Avoided Resettlement		X	UNFCCC ard comp		X	(x)	± 5	ЩŠ	<b>†</b> {	Χ	Χ		Х	Х	Х	7	1	
Recourse/Grievance Mechanisms			5 8		X		S a	O PC	<u> </u>	X		X				4		
Monitoring, Reporting		X	Z E				H . E	S Ciff	显,			X				2		
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Labor standards			>				ž		ž			Х				1		

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# Social Issues: Some Key Findings of Comparative Analysis

- No existing system of safeguards or standards covers the full range of social issues in REDD+.
  - Some social issues better covered, i.e., stakeholder engagement, rights of indigenous peoples
  - Other social issues less commonly explicitly mentioned, i.e., gender, land and resource tenure, grievance mechanisms, etc.
- Need for consolidation (common approaches) and simplification
- Safeguard policies and processes need to be more explicitly linked with standards with clear criteria and indicators
  - for design, implementation, and monitoring

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# **Environmental and Biodiversity**Safeguards

- Ongoing work on environmental and biodiversity safeguards, especially in relation to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), and many other processes, and to link this work with the REDD+ Cancun safeguards
- Building on national safeguards and other processes, such as national Environment Impact Assessment requirements



### **Safeguard Information Systems**

- Reporting guidelines on Safeguard Information Systems (SIS) are still under discussion by UNFCCC
  - Cancun asked SBSTA to develop guidance
  - Possible provision of information linked to national reporting to UNFCCC
- Voluntary reporting systems → not required MRV of social and environmental safeguards
- Some countries now developing their own nationallevel SIS, with support from development partners
- Other ongoing information systems work, i.e., FAO
- · Work of REDD+ SES, FCPF, UN-REDD, WRI

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One Approach to Development of Country Safeguard Systems, including Safeguard Information Systems

MODEL BEING DEVELOPED BY REDD+ SES, WRI, FCPF, AND UN-REDD

# Potential Elements of a Country Safeguards System for REDD+

#### Institutions (formal and informal)

to ensure fair and effective design and implementation of these elements

# Policies, Laws and Regulations (PLR)

- Normative framework that defines and operationalizes country-specific safeguards interpretation for REDD+
- Existing policies, laws and regulations on social and environmental issues that are defined as applying to REDD+ activities
- New REDD+ specific policies, laws and regulations

#### Safeguards Information System (SIS)

- Indicators for process and outcomes related to country-specific
- safeguards interpretation
   Monitoring
  methodologies
- Reporting frameworks to address different

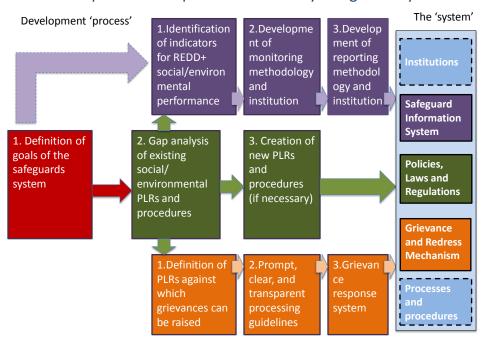
#### Grievance and Redress Mechanism (GRM)

-Country level mechanism to receive and address grievances related to the country safeguards system

#### **Processes and procedures**

that shape the elements such as consultation, strategic assessments, analysis, record of implementation, etc.

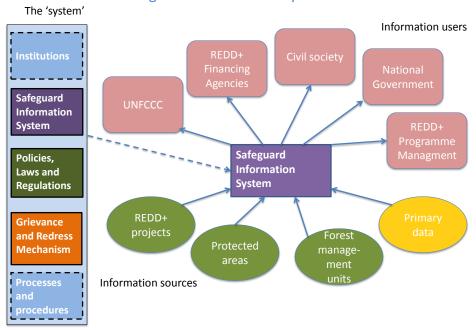
### Main steps for development of a country safeguards system



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#### Potential international inputs into the development of a country safeguards system

### A Safeguards Information System: sources and users





# Country-relevant Safeguards, Standards & SIS

- · What do you think of this model?
- What are the challenges for countries to determine their own safeguards, standards, and SIS?
- How can they build upon existing systems?
- · What approaches are working best?
- · Where can we learn and improve?
- For developing a Safeguards Information System (SIS)
   What types of indicators and date are useful?